Last Update: January 10, 2025										
Category	Data Source	Population Level	Data Purpose	Description	Agency POC	Data Indicators				
Long-term health care		Patient	health, and the burden of chronic disease and injury morbidity			Demographics (age, sex, race/ethnicity), location (urban/rural), Care setting (home/facility)				
	Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System (AHCCCS)	Medicaid patients	•	health insurance program for low-income adults, children, pregnant women, elderly adults and people with disabilities.		Demographics (age, sex, race/ethnicity), location (urban/rural), Care setting (home/facility)				
	Medicare	Patient	Evaluate the effectiveness of different types of care, compare the effects of medications, and examine how provider practices impact patient outcomes. It can also be used to study the cost and use of healthcare, and the health effects of policy changes. Medicare data is especially useful for studying older adults in the US, since most citizens over 65 have Medicare.	health insurance program for people who are either 65 or older, or who meet other special criteria.		Demographics (age, sex, race/ethnicity), location (urban/rural), Care setting (home/facility)				
	Arizona Department of Administration	State employees	Cost estimates of medical and other health benefits to state employees, including University of Arizona employees and their legal dependents.	Retiree health benefits		Demographics (age, sex, race/ethnicity), location (urban/rural), Care setting (home/facility)				
	Public Heatlh Licensing	Health and child care facilities and providers	Performance standards	Licensing inspections, onsite surveys and complaint investigations in assisted living facilities (homes and centers), Adult foster care homes, Adult day health care facilities, Nursing care institutions						
	Arizona Public Health Information Exchange and Reporting System (AZ-PIERS)	State EMS Patients	Arizona.	Pre-hospital registry that gives EMS agencies an ability to generate and transmit electronic Patient. Facilitate the exchange of health-related information between different public health agencies, healthcare providers, and other stakeholders.		Demographics (age, sex, race/ethnicity), location (urban/rural), Care setting (home/facility)				
Families/caregivers	Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS)	Uninstitutionalized adults	Health-related risk behaviors, chronic health conditions, and use of preventive services, of U.S. residents.	Caregiver module (2018, 2022, 2023)						
Alzheimer's patients	Mortality data	State	Provide a snapshot of current health problems, suggest persistent patterns of risk in specific communities, and show trends in Alzheimer's death over time.	ADHS Vital stats						

	Behavioral Risk Factor	Uninstitutionalized adults	Health-related risk behaviors,	* Prevalanece of subjective cognitive decline (2020,	
	Surveillance Survey (BRFSS)		chronic health conditions, and	2022) * Falls (2018, 2020)	
	, , ,		use of preventive services, of		
			U.S. residents.		
	CDC Healthy Aging Data Portal	State	Useful for prioritization and	key indicators of health and well-being for older	
	, , ,		evaluation of public health	adults, including: Caregiving, Subjective Cognitive	
			interventions.	Decline,	
				Screenings and vaccinations, and Mental health	
	ASU Morrison Institute	State	Contributes to research that	Conduct high-quality, nonpartisan research to	
			affects public health, including	inform public policy decisions in Arizona. The	
			evaluating health systems,	Institute works on a wide range of public policy	
			analyzing healthcare policies,	issues, including economic development,	
			and providing recommendations	education, healthcare, criminal justice, and public	
			to improve community health	health.	
			outcomes.		
	Arizona Alzheimer's Association	State	Prevelance, caregiving,	1-page data sheet	
	2024 Alzheimer's Disease		workgorce, heatlh care and		
	Facts and Figures		mortality		
	Social Vulnerability Index	State	Health, environment, socioecono	Demographic and socioeconomic factors (such as	
Related disorders (i.e. Parkinson's Disease & other types of Dimentia)			mics,and demographic factors that affect Arizona communities	poverty, lack of access to transportation, and	
				crowded housing) that adversely affect communities and create barriers to health. The	
			when encountered by hazards		
			and other community level stressors (i.e., disease	Arizona Social Vulnerability Index (AZSVI) incorporates rent burden, food insecurity,	
			outbreaks, natural or human	population density, air quality, tree cover, heat	
			disasters)	vulnerability, water costs, and internet access into	
			disasters)	the index.	
	Behavioral Risk Factor	Uninstitutionalized adults		Health-related risk behaviors, chronic health	
	Surveillance Survey (BRFSS)			conditions, and use of preventive services, of U.S.	
				residents.	
Special populations		Minority Communities			
		Rural Communities			
		Vulnerable & Special Needs			
		Adults			